

FILED

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7 Attorneys for Defendants The Walt Disney
 Company, Walt Disney Pictures, Disney Book
 8 Group, LLC, Pixar, and Disney Enterprises, Inc.

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RICHARD W. WIEKING
 CLERK
 U.S. DISTRICT COURT
 NO. DIST. OF CA. S.J.

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E-FILING

AND

10 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
 11 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

12 SAN JOSE DIVISION

13 Deborah J. Thomas,

14 Plaintiff,

15 vs.

16 The Walt Disney Company, Walt Disney
 Studios, Disney Press, Pixar Animation
 17 Studios, Walt Disney Feature Animation, Walt
 Disney Pictures, Disney Enterprises, Inc., and
 18 DOES 1 through 100, Inclusive,

19 Defendants.

CASE NO
07 04392 MEJ

DEFENDANTS' NOTICE OF REMOVAL

22 **TO THE CLERK OF THE ABOVE-ENTITLED COURT, ALL PARTIES AND**
 23 **THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:**

24 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1441, defendants The Walt
 25 Disney Company, Walt Disney Pictures (also sued as Walt Disney Studios and Walt Disney
 26 Feature Animation), Disney Book Group, LLC (sued as Disney Press), Pixar (sued as Pixar
 27 Animation Studios), and Disney Enterprises, Inc. (collectively "Defendants") hereby remove to
 28 the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, San Jose Division, the civil

1 action styled *Deborah J. Thomas v. The Walt Disney Company, Walt Disney Studios, Disney*
 2 *Press, Pixar Animation Studios, Walt Disney Feature Animation, Walt Disney Pictures, Disney*
 3 *Enterprises, Inc., and DOES 1 through 100, Inclusive*, case no. 107CV085977, pending in the
 4 Superior Court of California, County of Santa Clara. In support of this removal, Defendants state
 5 as follows:

6 **Plaintiff's Complaint Alleging Unfair Competition Based on Copying of a Literary Work**

7 1. Plaintiff Deborah J. Thomas ("Plaintiff") filed a complaint against Defendants in
 8 the Superior Court of California, County of Santa Clara on May 29, 2007. Plaintiff served
 9 Defendants with the summons and complaint on July 27, 2007.

10 2. Plaintiff alleges that in the summer of 2000, she created an original literary work
 11 entitled "Squisher the Fish." (Ex. A, ¶ 11.) She claims she submitted this literary work to
 12 Defendants for the purpose of selling her work for use as a movie, published book, television
 13 show, game, or other commercial application. (*Id.*, ¶ 12.) According to Plaintiff's complaint,
 14 Defendants copied Plaintiff's literary work and incorporated it into the motion picture "Finding
 15 Nemo." (*Id.*, ¶ 14.) Plaintiff also claims that Defendants incorporated her work into a game
 16 entitled "Squisher." (*Id.*, ¶ 16.) Plaintiff alleges that neither "Finding Nemo" nor "Squisher"
 17 gives her credit for having been the author of the work that was copied by Defendants. (*Id.*, ¶ 19.)

18 3. A true and correct copy of the state court complaint and all process, pleadings and
 19 orders to date about which Defendants are aware, are attached hereto as Exhibit A.

20 **Jurisdiction: Removal is Proper Based on Copyright Preemption**

21 4. This Court has original jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331
 22 and 1338(a) because Plaintiff's complaint alleges claims which are entirely and comprehensively
 23 preempted under the laws of the United States, specifically the federal Copyright Act. See 28
 24 U.S.C. §1388(a) (federal courts have exclusive jurisdiction over copyright cases). Removal is
 25 proper where federal law preempts the state cause of action. See, e.g., Franchise Tax Board v.
Construction Laborers Vacation Trust, 463 U.S. 1, 27-28 (1983).

26 5. Section 301 of the Copyright Act "expressly prohibits states from legislating in the
 27 area of copyright law." *Fleet v. CBS Inc.*, 50 Cal. App. 4th 1911, 1918 (1996); *see also* 17 U.S.C.
 28

1 § 301(a); 28 U.S.C. § 1388(a) (federal courts have exclusive jurisdiction over copyright cases).
 2 Federal law of copyright "is the supreme law of the land. When state law touches upon the area of
 3 these federal statutes, it is 'familiar doctrine' that the federal policy 'may not be set at naught, or its
 4 benefits denied' by the state law." *Sears, Roebuck, & Co. v. Stiffel Co.*, 376 U.S. 225, 229
 5 (1964)(internal citations omitted).

6 6. A state law cause of action is preempted by the federal Copyright Act if (1) the
 7 rights that the plaintiff asserts under state law are "rights equivalent" to those protected by the
 8 Copyright Act and (2) the work involved falls within the "subject matter" of the Copyright Act.
 9 *Kodadek v. MTV Networks, Inc.*, 152 F.3d 1209, 1212 (9th Cir. 1998). Plaintiff may not
 10 circumvent federal jurisdiction by pleading her copyright infringement claim as arising under state
 11 law, because then "the preemption provision would be useless, and the policies behind a uniform
 12 Copyright statute would be silenced." *Daboub v. Gibbons*, 42 F.3d 285, 290 (5th Cir. 1995).

13 7. Although Plaintiff asserts her claims against Defendants under the guise of an
 14 unfair competition claim pursuant to California Business and Professions Code § 17200, her claim
 15 is based solely on rights equivalent to those protected by federal copyright laws. The Copyright
 16 Act grants rights "to reproduce the copyrighted work in copies," "to prepare derivative works
 17 based upon the copyrighted work," "to distribute copies . . . to the public," and "to display the
 18 copyrighted work publicly." *Kodadek*, 152 F.3d at 1213 (citing 17 U.S.C. § 106). Plaintiff alleges
 19 Defendants "*copied* Plaintiff's original work and incorporated it into a movie *created, produced,*
 20 *distributed and sold* by Defendants . . . entitled 'Finding Nemo.'" (Complaint, ¶ 14) (emphasis
 21 added). She further alleges Defendants "incorporated [her] original work into a game *created,*
 22 *marketed and sold* by Defendants . . . entitled 'Squisher.'" (*Id.*, ¶ 16)(emphasis added). And,
 23 according to Plaintiff, neither "Finding Nemo" nor "Squisher" "gives [her] credit for having been
 24 the author of the original work that was *copied* by Defendants . . . and incorporated into said
 25 movie and game." (*Id.*, ¶ 19) (emphasis added). These are classic copyright allegations. Plaintiff
 26 cannot avoid preemption under the Copyright Act by making such allegations under the guise of
 27 an unfair competition claim under California Business and Professions Code section 17200 —
 28 Plaintiff's claim is preempted by the Copyright Act. See, e.g., *Kodadek*, 152 F.3d at 1213 (holding

1 that claim of violation of Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 was preempted by federal copyright law);
 2 *Goldberg v. Cameron*, 482 F. Supp. 2d 1136 (N.D. Cal. 2007) (holding that an unfair competition
 3 claim based solely on misappropriation of copyrighted work was preempted by the Copyright
 4 Act); *Aagard v. Palomar Builders, Inc.*, 344 F. Supp. 2d 1211 (E.D. Cal. 2004) (same); *Smith &*
 5 *Hawkin, Ltd. v. Gardendance, Inc.*, 2004 WL 2496163, * 4 (N.D. Cal. 2004) (same).

6 8. Plaintiff's allegations do not include any additional elements over and above her
 7 copyright infringement claim. For example, Plaintiff does not allege that she had a confidential or
 8 contractual relationship with Defendants that was breached. Nor does Plaintiff allege Defendants
 9 knew Plaintiff expected to be paid for her submission of her work. In fact, it appears that Plaintiff
 10 did not even communicate with Defendants prior to submitting "Squisher the Fish." Plaintiff
 11 alleges only that she "submitted said literary work to Defendants, and each of them, for the
 12 purpose of selling her work for use as a movie, published book, television show, game or other
 13 commercial application," and that Defendants copied that work. (Complaint, ¶¶ 12,14, 16, 19.)

14 9. Not only are the rights that Plaintiff asserts under state law "rights equivalent" to
 15 those protected by the Copyright Act, but Plaintiff's alleged work falls also within the "subject
 16 matter" of the Copyright Act. *See* 17 U.S.C. § 102(a). Plaintiff claims that Defendants copied her
 17 original literary work. (Ex A, ¶¶ 12,14, 16, 19.) The Copyright Act protects literary works fixed
 18 in a tangible medium of expression from which they can be perceived, reproduced or otherwise
 19 communicated. 17 U.S.C. § 102(a). Because Plaintiff alleges that Defendants "kept and
 20 reviewed" her "original literary work" from April 6, 2001 through June 22, 2001, Plaintiff's
 21 alleged work falls within the "subject matter" of the Copyright Act. (Ex. A, ¶¶ 11-13.)

22 10. Based on the above, Plaintiff's complaint asserts rights equivalent to those
 23 protected by the Copyright Act and her alleged original literary work falls within the "subject
 24 matter" of the Copyright Act. Thus, her state law cause of action is preempted by the federal
 25 Copyright Act. *Kodadek*, 152 F.3d 1209. As such, Plaintiff's claims are removable. *See*
 26 *Franchise Tax Board*, 463 U.S. at 23-24.

27

28

Removal is Timely

11. On July 27, 2007, Plaintiff served each of the Defendants with a summons and her
 state court complaint.

12. Defendants' removal is timely pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b) because the
 removal is not beyond 30 days after service of the summons and the complaint.

13. Defendants have not yet responded to Plaintiff's complaint, and their response is
 not yet due. No further pleadings have been filed by the parties and no orders have been entered
 by the Superior Court beyond setting a case management conference.

Intra-district Assignment: Removal to This Court is Proper

14. Because the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, San
 Jose Division embraces the place where Plaintiff's action was pending, this action is properly
 removed to this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1441(a). Civil Local Rule 3-2(e).

15. All other procedural requirements for removal have been satisfied. This notice of
 removal is accompanied by a true and correct copy of all pleadings and orders on file in the
 Superior Court. 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a). A notice of filing of removal, with a copy of this notice of
 removal attached, is being served on Plaintiff and filed with the Superior Court. 28 U.S.C. §
 1446(d).

16. All Defendants were served with Plaintiff's state court complaint and consent to
 removal.

17. Defendants demand a jury trial of Plaintiff's copyright infringement claim.

21 DATED: August 24, 2007

22 QUINN EMANUEL URQUHART OLIVER &
 HEDGES, LLP

23 By Claude M. Stern /APR
 24 Claude M. Stern
 25 Attorneys for Defendants The Walt Disney
 Company, Walt Disney Pictures, Disney Book
 Group, LLC, Pixar, and Disney Enterprises, Inc.
 26
 27
 28

1 Certification of Interested Entities or Persons

2 Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 3-16, the undersigned certifies that the following listed
3 persons, associations of persons, firms, partnerships, corporations (including parent corporations)
4 or other entities (i) have a financial interest in the subject matter in controversy or in a party to the
5 proceeding, or (ii) have a non-financial interest in the subject matter or in a party that could be
6 substantially affected by the outcome of this proceeding:

7 Disney Book Group, LLC: dba of Defendant Disney Press

8

9 DATED: August 24, 2007

QUINN EMANUEL URQUHART OLIVER &
10 HEDGES, LLP

11 By Claude M. Stern

12 Claude M. Stern
13 Attorneys for Defendants The Walt Disney
14 Company, Walt Disney Pictures, Disney Book
15 Group, LLC, Pixar, and Disney Enterprises, Inc.

EXHIBIT A

1 Archie S. Robinson, Esq. [SBN 34789]
2 ROBINSON & WOOD, INC.
227 North First Street
3 San Jose, CA 95113
Telephone: 408/298-7120
Facsimile: 408/298-0477

4 Attorneys for Plaintiff
5 DEBORAH J. THOMAS

(ENDORSED)

FILED

MAY 29 2007

KATHY MIRE
Chief Clerk
Superior Court of California, County of Santa Clara
BY _____ DEPUTY

Clark Sakai

8 SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA

10 DEBORAH J. THOMAS

No.

11 Plaintiff,
12 vs.
13 THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY, WALT
14 DISNEY STUDIOS, DISNEY PRESS,
15 PIXAR ANIMATION STUDIOS, WALT
16 DISNEY FEATURE ANIMATION, WALT
17 DISNEY PICTURES, DISNEY
ENTERPRISES, INC. and DOES 1 through 100, Inclusive,

107CV086977

18 Defendants.
19
20 Plaintiff complaints of defendants, and each of them, as follows:
21 1. Plaintiff Deborah J. Thomas is a resident of the State of Florida.
22 2. Defendant THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY, is a corporation, licensed to do
business in the State of California, and doing business in the County of Santa Clara.
23 3. Defendant WALT DISNEY STUDIOS, is a corporation, licensed to do
business in the State of California, and doing business in the County of Santa Clara.
24 4. Defendant DISNEY PRESS, is a corporation, licensed to do business in the
State of California, and doing business in the County of Santa Clara.
25 5. Defendant PIXAR ANIMATION STUDIOS, is a corporation, licensed to do
business in the State of California, and doing business in the County of Santa Clara.

1 6. Defendant WALT DISNEY FEATURE ANIMATION, is a corporation,
2 licensed to do business in the State of California, and doing business in the County of Santa
3 Clara.

4 7. Defendant WALT DISNEY PICTURES, DISNEY ENTERPRISES, INC., is a
5 corporation, licensed to do business in the State of California, and doing business in the
6 County of Santa Clara.

7 8. The true names and capacities of Defendants who are sued herein as Does 1
8 through 100, inclusive, whether individual, associate, or otherwise, are unknown to Plaintiff
9 at this time, and therefore, Plaintiff sues such fictitiously named Defendants by such
10 fictitious names and capacities. Each of the Defendants designated herein by fictitious
11 names is, in some manner, responsible for the events and happenings referred to herein, and
12 caused damage proximately and foreseeably thereby, whether such responsibility was
13 negligent, intentional or otherwise. Plaintiffs will seek leave of this Court to amend this
14 complaint with respect to the true names and capacities of such Defendants when such
15 fictitiously named Defendants have been ascertained with reasonable certainty.

16 9. Upon information and belief, each of the Defendants was acting as the agent,
17 servant and employee of the remaining Defendants and was acting within the course and
18 scope of such agency and employment, with the knowledge, permission, and consent of
19 each other and of the remaining Defendants, and for the benefit of all or one or more of the
20 Defendants.

21 10. Upon information and belief, when the Defendants perpetrated some or all of
22 the acts, conduct and omissions herein alleged, each of them individually, or through their
23 authorized agents, servants, employees, or both, knew of such acts, conduct and omissions,
24 and/or knowingly ratified, and/or knowingly participated in, and/or knowingly authorized,
25 and/or knowingly acquiesced in, and/or aided or abetted, and/or knowingly accepted the
26 benefits of the same. Upon information and belief, by reason of the foregoing, the
27 Defendants are, and were, jointly and severally liable to Plaintiff for such damages suffered
28 as alleged herein and are further jointly and severally liable to Plaintiff for any other

1 11. In the summer of 2000, Plaintiff created an original literary work entitled
 2 "Squisher the Fish."

3 12. On or about April 6, 2001, Plaintiff submitted said literary work to
 4 Defendants, and each of them, for the purpose of selling her work for use as a movie,
 5 published book, television show, game or other commercial application.

6 13. Defendants, and each of them, kept and reviewed Plaintiff's said original work
 7 until approximately June 22, 2001.

8 14. During the time Defendants had possession of Plaintiff's said original work,
 9 Defendants, and each of them, copied Plaintiff's said original work and incorporated it into
 10 a movie created, produced, distributed and sold by Defendants, and each of them, entitled
 11 "Finding Nemo."

12 15. The movie, "Finding Nemo", was first released and shown to the public by
 13 Defendants, and each of them, on May 30, 2003.

14 16. After May 30, 2003, Defendants, and each of them, incorporated Plaintiff's
 15 original work into a game created, marketed and sold by Defendants, and each of them,
 16 entitled "Squisher."

17 17. On information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that since its release, the movie,
 18 "Finding Nemo," has enjoyed substantial popularity and commercial success, achieving
 19 gross receipts of nearly \$1 billion and profits in the hundreds of millions of dollars to date.

20 18. On information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that Defendants, and each of
 21 them, continue to receive substantial revenues and profits from the sale of DVD copies of
 22 the movie, "Finding Nemo," and from the sale of the game, "Squisher."

23 19. Neither the movie, "Finding Nemo," nor the game, "Squisher," gives Plaintiff
 24 credit for having been the author of the original work that was copied by Defendants, and
 25 each of them, and incorporated into said movie and game, respectively.

26 20. Plaintiff files this action to challenge and to remedy the business practices of
 27 Defendants, and each of them. California Business & Professions Code §17200 et seq.,

28 ///

1 often referred to as the "Unfair Competition Law," defines unfair competition to include
 2 any unlawful, unfair, or fraudulent business act or practice.

3 21. The business acts and practices of Defendants, and each of them, as herein
 4 alleged, constitute unfair competition, as defined in California Business & Professions
 5 Code § 17200, et seq., in that Defendants' said acts and practices deprived Plaintiff of the
 6 credit and a share of the profits received by Defendants, and each of them, to which she was
 7 entitled as the creator and author of the work that was copied by Defendants, and each of
 8 them, and incorporated into the movie, "Finding Nemo," and the game, "Squisher."

9 22. The business acts and practices of Defendants, and each of them, as alleged,
 10 offend public policy and are unfair and wrongful in that they unlawfully misappropriated
 11 Plaintiff's talent and workmanship to their own selfish gain.

12 23. The business acts and practices of Defendants, and each of them, as alleged,
 13 constitute fraudulent business practices in that said acts and practices intentionally
 14 deceived the public as to the true authorship of the story upon which the movie, "Finding
 15 Nemo," and the game, "Squisher," are based.

16 24. The unlawful, unfair and fraudulent business acts and practices of Defendants,
 17 and each of them, as alleged, present a continuing threat in that Defendants continue to sell
 18 DVDs of the movie, "Finding Nemo," and the game, "Squisher," and will persist and continue
 19 to do so unless and until enjoined by this Court.

20 25. Pursuant to California Business & Professions Code §17203, Plaintiff seeks
 21 such orders or judgments as may be necessary to prevent any person from engaging in any
 22 practice which constitutes unfair competition, as defined in the unfair competition law, or
 23 as may be necessary to restore to Plaintiff and to prevent retention by Defendants, or any of
 24 them, of any money or property unlawfully acquired by means of such unfair competition.

25 26. Pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure §1021.5, plaintiff seeks
 26 recovery of her attorneys' fees, costs and expenses incurred in the filing and prosecution of
 27 this action.

28 ///

1 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief as follows:

- 2 1. For injunctive relief preventing the sale of DVD copies of the movie,
3 "Finding Nemo," or copies of the game, "Squisher," which do not give
4 Plaintiff credit as the author of the story upon which said movie and game,
5 respectively, are based;
- 6 2. For disgorgement of all profits obtained by Defendants from the distribution
7 or sale of the movie, "Finding Nemo," and the game, "Squisher," to which
8 Plaintiff was reasonably entitled as the author of the story upon which said
9 movie and game, respectively, are based;
- 10 3. For Plaintiff's attorneys' fees and costs;
- 11 4. For prejudgment interest on the profits disgorged;
- 12 5. And for such other relief as the Court may find appropriate.

13 Dated: May 29, 2007

14 ROBINSON & WOOD, INC.

15 By 
16 ARCHIE S. ROBINSON
17 Attorneys for Plaintiff
18 DEBORAH J. THOMAS

DET 7/27/07 9:20AM
SUM-100**SUMMONS ON COMPLAINT
(CITACION JUDICIAL)****NOTICE TO DEFENDANT:****AVISO AL DEMANDADO:**

THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY, WALT DISNEY STUDIOS, DISNEY
PRESS, PIXAR ANIMATION STUDIOS, WALT DISNEY FEATURE
ANIMATION, WALT DISNEY PICTURES, DISNEY ENTERPRISES,
INC.

ND DOES 1-100

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF:

O ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

DEBORAH J. THOMAS

FOR COURT USE ONLY
(SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

(ENDORSED)

FILED

MAY 29 2007

KIRI TORRE

Chief Executive Officer/Clerk
Superior Court of CA County of Santa Clara
BY _____ DEPUTY

Clark Sakai

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales.

The name and address of the court is:

Nombre y dirección de la corte es:
SUPERIOR COURT OF SANTA CLARA COUNTY
91 N. FIRST STREET
SAN JOSE, CA 95113

CASE NUMBER:
(Número del Caso)

107CV086977

LAW

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is:

Nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es:
Archie S. Robinson, Esq. [SBN 34789] 408/298-7120 408/298-0477

ROBINSON & WOOD, INC.,
27 North First Street
San Jose, CA 95113

Clark Sakai

ATE:

(fecha)

MAY 29 2007

Clerk, by _____ Deputy
(Secretario) (Adjunto)

or proof of service of this summons, use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).
Para prueba de entrega de esta citación use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons, (POS-010).

NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served

SEAL

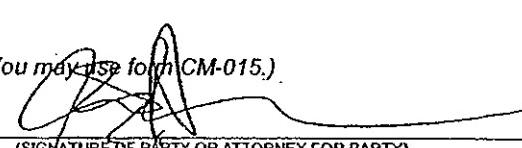
1. as an individual defendant.2. as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):

ML

3. on behalf of (specify): **WALT DISNEY ENTERPRISES, INC.**under: CCP 416.10 (corporation) CCP 416.60 (minor) CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation) CCP 416.70 (conservatee) CCP 416.40 (association or partnership) CCP 416.90 (authorized person) other (specify):4. by personal delivery on (date): **7/27/07**

Page 1 of 1

Code of Civil Procedure §§ 412.20, 465

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name) Archie S. Robinson, Esq. [SBN 34789] ROBINSON & WOOD, INC. 227 North First Street San Jose, CA 95113		Bar number, and address: FOR COURT USE ONLY CM-010												
TELEPHONE NO.: 408/298-7120 FAX NO.: 408/298-0477 ATTORNEY FOR (Name): DEBORAH J. THOMAS SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA STREET ADDRESS: 191 N. FIRST STREET MAILING ADDRESS: CITY AND ZIP CODE: SAN JOSE, CA 95113 BRANCH NAME: CIVIL		(ENDORSED) FILED MAY 29 2007 KIRI TORRE <small>Child Support & Child Custody Clerk Superior Court of Ca, County of Santa Clara</small> BY DEPUTY CASE NUMBER: Clark Sekai JUDGE: DEAT: 107CV086977												
<i>Items 1-5 below must be completed (see instructions on page 2).</i>														
<p>1. Check one box below for the case type that best describes this case:</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%; padding-right: 10px;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Auto Tort <input type="checkbox"/> Auto (22) <input type="checkbox"/> Uninsured motorist (46) </td> <td style="width: 33%; padding-right: 10px;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Contract <input type="checkbox"/> Breach of contract/warranty (06) <input type="checkbox"/> Collections (09) <input type="checkbox"/> Insurance coverage (18) <input type="checkbox"/> Other contract (37) </td> <td style="width: 33%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation <small>(Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400-3.403)</small> <input type="checkbox"/> Antitrust/Trade regulation (03) <input type="checkbox"/> Construction defect (10) <input type="checkbox"/> Mass tort (40) <input type="checkbox"/> Securities litigation (28) <input type="checkbox"/> Environmental/Toxic tort (30) <input type="checkbox"/> Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case types (41) </td> </tr> <tr> <td> <input type="checkbox"/> Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort <input type="checkbox"/> Asbestos (04) <input type="checkbox"/> Product liability (24) <input type="checkbox"/> Medical malpractice (45) <input type="checkbox"/> Other PI/PD/WD (23) </td> <td> <input type="checkbox"/> Real Property <input type="checkbox"/> Eminent domain/Inverse condemnation (14) <input type="checkbox"/> Wrongful eviction (33) <input type="checkbox"/> Other real property (26) </td> <td> <input type="checkbox"/> Enforcement of Judgment <input type="checkbox"/> Enforcement of Judgment (20) </td> </tr> <tr> <td> <input type="checkbox"/> Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Business tort/unfair business practice (07) <input type="checkbox"/> Civil rights (08) <input type="checkbox"/> Defamation (13) <input type="checkbox"/> Fraud (16) <input type="checkbox"/> Intellectual property (19) <input type="checkbox"/> Professional negligence (25) <input type="checkbox"/> Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35) </td> <td> <input type="checkbox"/> Unlawful Detainer <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial (31) <input type="checkbox"/> Residential (32) <input type="checkbox"/> Drugs (38) </td> <td> <input type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous Civil Complaint <input type="checkbox"/> RICO (27) <input type="checkbox"/> Other complaint (not specified above) (42) </td> </tr> <tr> <td> <input type="checkbox"/> Employment <input type="checkbox"/> Wrongful termination (36) <input type="checkbox"/> Other employment (15) </td> <td> <input type="checkbox"/> Judicial Review <input type="checkbox"/> Asset forfeiture (05) <input type="checkbox"/> Petition re: arbitration award (11) <input type="checkbox"/> Writ of mandate (02) <input type="checkbox"/> Other judicial review (39) </td> <td> <input type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous Civil Petition <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership and corporate governance (21) <input type="checkbox"/> Other petition (not specified above) (43) </td> </tr> </table>			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Auto Tort <input type="checkbox"/> Auto (22) <input type="checkbox"/> Uninsured motorist (46)	<input type="checkbox"/> Contract <input type="checkbox"/> Breach of contract/warranty (06) <input type="checkbox"/> Collections (09) <input type="checkbox"/> Insurance coverage (18) <input type="checkbox"/> Other contract (37)	<input type="checkbox"/> Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation <small>(Cal. 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<p>2. This case <input type="checkbox"/> is <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> not complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the factors requiring exceptional judicial management:</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; padding-right: 10px;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Large number of separately represented parties <input type="checkbox"/> Extensive motion practice raising difficult or novel issues that will be time-consuming to resolve <input type="checkbox"/> Substantial amount of documentary evidence </td> <td style="width: 50%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Large number of witnesses <input type="checkbox"/> Coordination with related actions pending in one or more courts in other counties, states, or countries, or in a federal court <input type="checkbox"/> Substantial postjudgment judicial supervision </td> </tr> </table>			<input type="checkbox"/> Large number of separately represented parties <input type="checkbox"/> Extensive motion practice raising difficult or novel issues that will be time-consuming to resolve <input type="checkbox"/> Substantial amount of documentary evidence	<input type="checkbox"/> Large number of witnesses <input type="checkbox"/> Coordination with related actions pending in one or more courts in other counties, states, or countries, or in a federal court <input type="checkbox"/> Substantial postjudgment judicial supervision										
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<p>3. Type of remedies sought (check all that apply):</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%; padding-right: 10px;"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> monetary <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> nonmonetary; declaratory or injunctive relief </td> <td style="width: 33%; padding-right: 10px;"> <input type="checkbox"/> punitive </td> <td style="width: 33%;"> <input type="checkbox"/> </td> </tr> </table>			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> monetary <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> nonmonetary; declaratory or injunctive relief	<input type="checkbox"/> punitive	<input type="checkbox"/>									
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<p>5. This case <input type="checkbox"/> is <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> not a class action suit.</p>														
<p>6. If there are any known related cases, file and serve a notice of related case. (You may use form CM-015.)</p>														
Date: 5/29/2007 Archie S. Robinson, Esq. <small>(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)</small>		 <small>(SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)</small>												

- NOTICE**
- Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed under the Probate Code, Family Code, or Welfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result in sanctions.
 - File this cover sheet in addition to any cover sheet required by local court rule.
 - If this case is complex under rule 3.400 et seq. of the California Rules of Court, you must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all other parties to the action or proceeding.
 - Unless this is a complex case, this cover sheet will be used for statistical purposes only.

ATTACHMENT A

CIVIL LAWSUIT NOTICE

*Superior Court of California, County of Santa Clara
191 N. First St., San Jose, CA 95113*

CASE NUMBER: _____

107CV086977**READ THIS ENTIRE FORM**

PLAINTIFFS (the person(s) suing): Within 60 days after filing the lawsuit, you must serve each defendant with the *Complaint, Summons, an Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) Information Sheet*, and a copy of this *Civil Lawsuit Notice*, and you must file written proof of such service.

DEFENDANTS (the person(s) being sued): You must do each of the following to protect your rights:

1. You must file a written response to the Complaint, in the clerk's office of the Court, within 30 days of the date the Summons and Complaint were served on you;
2. You must send a copy of your written response to the plaintiff; and
3. You must attend the first Case Management Conference.

Warning: If you do not do these three things, you may automatically lose this case.

RULES AND FORMS: You must follow the California Rules of Court (CRC) and the Santa Clara County Superior Court Local Civil Rules and use proper forms. You can get legal information, view the rules and get forms, free of charge, from the Self-Service Center at 99 Notre Dame Avenue, San Jose (408-882-2900 x-2926), or from:

- State Rules and Judicial Council Forms: www.courtinfo.ca.gov/forms and www.courtinfo.ca.gov/rules
- Local Rules and Forms: www.sccsuperiorcourt.org/civil/rule1toc.htm
- Rose Printing, 49 N. First St., San Jose (408-293-8177)

For other local information, visit the Court's Self-Service website www.sccselfservice.org and select "Civil."

CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE (CMC): You must meet with the other parties and discuss the case, in person or by telephone, at least 30 calendar days before the CMC. You must also fill out, file and serve a *Case Management Statement* (Judicial Council form CM-110) at least 15 calendar days before the CMC. You or your attorney must appear at the CMC. You may ask to appear by telephone – see Local Civil Rule 8.

Your Case Management Judge is: Kevin McKenney DEPT: 16

The first CMC is scheduled as follows: (Completed by Clerk of Court)

Date: OCT - 9 2007 Time: 2:15 PM Dept.: 16

The next CMC is scheduled as follows: (Completed by party if the first CMC was continued or has passed)

Date: Time: Dept.:

ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (ADR): If all parties have appeared and filed a completed *ADR Stipulation Form* (local form CV-5008) at least 15 days before the CMC, the Court will cancel the CMC and mail notice of an ADR Status Conference. Visit the Court's website at www.sccsuperiorcourt.org/civil/ADR/ or call the ADR Administrator (408-882-2100 x-2156) for a list of ADR providers and their qualifications, services, and fees.

WARNING: Sanctions may be imposed if you do not follow the California Rules of Court or the Local Rules of Court.

**SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA
ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION
INFORMATION SHEET / CIVIL DIVISION**

Many cases can be resolved to the satisfaction of all parties without the necessity of traditional litigation, which can be expensive, time consuming, and stressful. The Court finds that it is in the best interests of the parties that they participate in alternatives to traditional litigation, including arbitration, mediation, neutral evaluation, special masters and referees, and settlement conferences. Therefore, all matters shall be referred to an appropriate form of Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) before they are set for trial, unless there is good cause to dispense with the ADR requirement.

What is ADR?

ADR is the general term for a wide variety of dispute resolution processes that are alternatives to litigation. Types of ADR processes include mediation, arbitration, neutral evaluation, special masters and referees, and settlement conferences, among others forms.

What are the advantages of choosing ADR instead of litigation?

ADR can have a number of advantages over litigation:

- < ADR can save time. A dispute can be resolved in a matter of months, or even weeks, while litigation can take years.
- < ADR can save money. Attorney's fees, court costs, and expert fees can be reduced or avoided altogether.
- < ADR provides more participation. Parties have more opportunities with ADR to express their interests and concerns, instead of focusing exclusively on legal rights.
- < ADR provides more control and flexibility. Parties can choose the ADR process that is most likely to bring a satisfactory resolution to their dispute.
- < ADR can reduce stress. ADR encourages cooperation and communication, while discouraging the adversarial atmosphere of litigation. Surveys of parties who have participated in an ADR process have found much greater satisfaction than with parties who have gone through litigation.

What are the main forms of ADR offered by the Court?

- < Mediation is an informal, confidential process in which a neutral party (the mediator) assists the parties in understanding their own interests, the interests of the other parties, and the practical and legal realities they all face. The mediator then helps the parties to explore options and arrive at a mutually acceptable resolution of the dispute. The mediator does not decide the dispute. The parties do.

Mediation may be appropriate when:

- < The parties want a non-adversary procedure
- < The parties have a continuing business or personal relationship
- < Communication problems are interfering with a resolution
- < There is an emotional element involved
- < The parties are interested in an injunction, consent decree, or other form of equitable relief

-over-

< Arbitration is a normally informal process in which the neutral (the arbitrator) decides the dispute after hearing the evidence and arguments of the parties. The parties can agree to binding or non-binding arbitration. Binding arbitration is designed to give the parties a resolution of their dispute when they cannot agree by themselves or with a mediator. If the arbitration is non-binding, any party can reject the arbitrator's decision and request a trial.

Arbitration may be appropriate when:

- < The action is for personal injury, property damage, or breach of contract
- < Only monetary damages are sought
- < Witness testimony, under oath, is desired
- < An advisory opinion is sought from an experienced litigator (if a non-binding arbitration)

< Neutral evaluation is an informal process in which a neutral party (the evaluator) reviews the case with counsel and gives a non-binding assessment of the strengths and weaknesses on each side and the likely outcome. The neutral can help parties to identify issues, prepare stipulations, and draft discovery plans. The parties may use the neutral's evaluation to discuss settlement.

Neutral evaluation may be appropriate when:

- < The parties are far apart in their view of the law or value of the case
- < The case involves a technical issue in which the evaluator has expertise
- < Case planning assistance would be helpful and would save legal fees and costs
- < The parties are interested in an injunction, consent decree, or other form of equitable relief

< Special masters and referees are neutral parties who may be appointed by the court to obtain information or to make specific fact findings that may lead to a resolution of a dispute.

Special masters and referees can be particularly effective in complex cases with a number of parties, like construction disputes.

< Settlement conferences are informal processes in which the neutral (a judge or an experienced attorney) meets with the parties or their attorneys, hears the facts of the dispute, and normally suggests a resolution that the parties may accept or use as a basis for further negotiations.

Settlement conferences can be effective when the authority or expertise of the judge or experienced attorney may help the parties reach a resolution.

What kind of disputes can be resolved by ADR?

Although some disputes must go to court, almost any dispute can be resolved through ADR. This includes disputes involving business matters; civil rights; corporations; construction; consumer protection; contracts; copyrights; defamation; disabilities; discrimination; employment; environmental problems; harassment; health care; housing; insurance; intellectual property; labor; landlord/tenant; media; medical malpractice; and other professional negligence; neighborhood problems; partnerships; patents; personal injury; probate; product liability; property damage; real estate; securities; and sports, among other matters.

Where can you get assistance with selecting an appropriate form of ADR and a neutral for your case, for information about ADR procedures, or for other questions about ADR?

Contact:

Santa Clara County Superior Court
ADR Administrator
408-882-2530

Santa Clara County DRPA Coordinator
408-792-2704

TWDC 7/27/07 9:23am

**SUMMONS ON COMPLAINT
(CITACION JUDICIAL)**

**NOTICE TO DEFENDANT:
(AVISO AL DEMANDADO):**

THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY, WALT DISNEY STUDIOS, DISNEY PRESS, PIXAR ANIMATION STUDIOS, WALT DISNEY FEATURE ANIMATION, WALT DISNEY PICTURES, DISNEY ENTERPRISES, INC.

AND DOES 1-100
YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF:
(LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):
DEBORAH J. THOMAS

SUM-100

FOR COURT USE ONLY
(SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

(ENDORSED)

FILED

MAY 29 2007

KIRI TORRE

Chief Executive Officer/Clerk
Superior Court of CA County of Santa Clara

BY _____ DEPUTY

Clark Sakai

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales.

The name and address of the court is:

(El nombre y dirección de la corte es):
SUPERIOR COURT OF SANTA CLARA COUNTY
191 N. FIRST STREET
SAN JOSE, CA 95113

CASE NUMBER:
(Número del Caso)

107CV086977

CIVIL

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is:

(El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es):
Archie S. Robinson, Esq. [SBN 34789] 408/298-7120 408/298-0477
ROBINSON & WOOD, INC.,
227 North First Street
San Jose, CA 95113

DATE:

(Fecha):

MAY 29 2007

Clerk, by _____ Deputy _____
(Secretario) _____ (Adjunto)

Clark Sakai

(For proof of service of this summons, use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).)
(Para prueba de entrega de esta citación use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons, (POS-010)).

NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served

1. as an individual defendant.
2. as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):

3. on behalf of (specify): THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY

under:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CCP 416.10 (corporation)	<input type="checkbox"/> CCP 416.60 (minor)
	<input type="checkbox"/> CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation)	<input type="checkbox"/> CCP 416.70 (conservatee)
	<input type="checkbox"/> CCP 416.40 (association or partnership)	<input type="checkbox"/> CCP 416.90 (authorized person)
	<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify):	

4. by personal delivery on (date):

CM-010

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name): Archie S. Robinson, Esq.	(Bar number, and address): [SBN 34789] ROBINSON & WOOD, INC. 227 North First Street San Jose, CA 95113
TELEPHONE NO.: 408/298-7120	FAX NO.: 408/298-0477
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): DEBORAH J. THOMAS	
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA STREET ADDRESS: 191 N. FIRST STREET MAILING ADDRESS: CITY AND ZIP CODE: SAN JOSE, CA 95113 BRANCH NAME: CIVIL	
CASE NAME: THOMAS v. THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY, et al.	

(ENDORSED)
FILED
MAY 29 2007
KIRI TORRE
Chief Deputy Clerk
Superior Court of California, County of Santa Clara
BY _____ DEPUTY

107CV086977

1. Check one box below for the case type that best describes this case:

Auto Tort	Contract	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation
<input type="checkbox"/> Auto (22)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breach of contract/warranty (06)	<input type="checkbox"/> Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)
<input type="checkbox"/> Uninsured motorist (46)	<input type="checkbox"/> Collections (09)	<input type="checkbox"/> Construction defect (10)
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	<input type="checkbox"/> Insurance coverage (18)	<input type="checkbox"/> Mass tort (40)
<input type="checkbox"/> Asbestos (04)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other contract (37)	<input type="checkbox"/> Securities litigation (28)
<input type="checkbox"/> Product liability (24)	Real Property	<input type="checkbox"/> Environmental/Toxic tort (30)
<input type="checkbox"/> Medical malpractice (45)	<input type="checkbox"/> Eminent domain/inverse condemnation (14)	<input type="checkbox"/> Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case types (41)
<input type="checkbox"/> Other PI/PD/WD (23)	<input type="checkbox"/> Wrongful eviction (33)	Enforcement of Judgment
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	<input type="checkbox"/> Other real property (26)	<input type="checkbox"/> Enforcement of judgment (20)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Business tort/unfair business practice (07)	Unlawful Detainer	Miscellaneous Civil Complaint
<input type="checkbox"/> Civil rights (08)	<input type="checkbox"/> Commercial (31)	<input type="checkbox"/> RICO (27)
<input type="checkbox"/> Defamation (13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Residential (32)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other complaint (not specified above) (42)
<input type="checkbox"/> Fraud (16)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drugs (38)	Miscellaneous Civil Petition
<input type="checkbox"/> Intellectual property (19)	Judicial Review	<input type="checkbox"/> Partnership and corporate governance (21)
<input type="checkbox"/> Professional negligence (25)	<input type="checkbox"/> Asset forfeiture (05)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other petition (not specified above) (43)
<input type="checkbox"/> Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition re: arbitration award (11)	
Employment	<input type="checkbox"/> Writ of mandate (02)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Wrongful termination (36)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other judicial review (39)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other employment (15)		

2. This case is not complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the factors requiring exceptional judicial management:

- a. Large number of separately represented parties d. Large number of witnesses
- b. Extensive motion practice raising difficult or novel issues that will be time-consuming to resolve e. Coordination with related actions pending in one or more courts in other counties, states, or countries, or in a federal court
- c. Substantial amount of documentary evidence f. Substantial postjudgment judicial supervision

3. Type of remedies sought (check all that apply):

- a. monetary b. nonmonetary; declaratory or injunctive relief c. punitive

4. Number of causes of action (specify): /

5. This case is not a class action suit.

6. If there are any known related cases, file and serve a notice of related case. (You may use form CM-015.)

Date: 5/29/2007

Archie S. Robinson, Esq.

(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)

(SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)

NOTICE

- Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed under the Probate Code, Family Code, or Welfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result in sanctions.
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Page 1 of 2

CIVIL LAWSUIT NOTICE

*Superior Court of California, County of Santa Clara
191 N. First St., San Jose, CA 95113*

ATTACHMENT A

CASE NUMBER:

107CV086971**READ THIS ENTIRE FORM**

PLAINTIFFS (the person(s) suing): Within 60 days after filing the lawsuit, you must serve each defendant with the *Complaint, Summons, an Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) Information Sheet*, and a copy of this *Civil Lawsuit Notice*, and you must file written proof of such service.

DEFENDANTS (the person(s) being sued): You must do each of the following to protect your rights:

1. You must file a written response to the Complaint, in the clerk's office of the Court, within 30 days of the date the *Summons* and *Complaint* were served on you;
2. You must send a copy of your written response to the plaintiff; and
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Warning: If you do not do these three things, you may automatically lose this case.

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Your Case Management Judge is: Kevin McKenney

DEPT: 16

The first CMC is scheduled as follows: (Completed by Clerk of Court)

Date: OCT - 9 2008 Time: 2:15 PM Dept: 16

The next CMC is scheduled as follows: (Completed by party if the first CMC was continued or has passed)

Date: _____ Time: _____ Dept: _____

ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (ADR): If all parties have appeared and filed a completed *ADR Stipulation Form* (local form CV-5008) at least 15 days before the CMC, the Court will cancel the CMC and mail notice of an ADR Status Conference. Visit the Court's website at www.sccsuperiorcourt.org/civil/ADR/ or call the ADR Administrator (408-882-2100 x-2156) for a list of ADR providers and their qualifications, services, and fees.

WARNING: Sanctions may be imposed if you do not follow the California Rules of Court or the Local Rules of Court.

**SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA
ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION
INFORMATION SHEET / CIVIL DIVISION**

Many cases can be resolved to the satisfaction of all parties without the necessity of traditional litigation, which can be expensive, time consuming, and stressful. The Court finds that it is in the best interests of the parties that they participate in alternatives to traditional litigation, including arbitration, mediation, neutral evaluation, special masters and referees, and settlement conferences. Therefore, all matters shall be referred to an appropriate form of Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) before they are set for trial, unless there is good cause to dispense with the ADR requirement.

What is ADR?

ADR is the general term for a wide variety of dispute resolution processes that are alternatives to litigation. Types of ADR processes include mediation, arbitration, neutral evaluation, special masters and referees, and settlement conferences, among others forms.

What are the advantages of choosing ADR instead of litigation?

ADR can have a number of advantages over litigation:

- < **ADR can save time.** A dispute can be resolved in a matter of months, or even weeks, while litigation can take years.
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- < **ADR provides more participation.** Parties have more opportunities with ADR to express their interests and concerns, instead of focusing exclusively on legal rights.
- < **ADR provides more control and flexibility.** Parties can choose the ADR process that is most likely to bring a satisfactory resolution to their dispute.
- < **ADR can reduce stress.** ADR encourages cooperation and communication, while discouraging the adversarial atmosphere of litigation. Surveys of parties who have participated in an ADR process have found much greater satisfaction than with parties who have gone through litigation.

What are the main forms of ADR offered by the Court?

- < **Mediation** is an informal, confidential process in which a neutral party (the mediator) assists the parties in understanding their own interests, the interests of the other parties, and the practical and legal realities they all face. The mediator then helps the parties to explore options and arrive at a mutually acceptable resolution of the dispute. The mediator does not decide the dispute. The parties do.

Mediation may be appropriate when:

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-over-

- < Arbitration is a normally informal process in which the neutral (the arbitrator) decides the dispute after hearing the evidence and arguments of the parties. The parties can agree to binding or non-binding arbitration. Binding arbitration is designed to give the parties a resolution of their dispute when they cannot agree by themselves or with a mediator. If the arbitration is non-binding, any party can reject the arbitrator's decision and request a trial.

Arbitration may be appropriate when:

- < The action is for personal injury, property damage, or breach of contract
- < Only monetary damages are sought
- < Witness testimony, under oath, is desired
- < An advisory opinion is sought from an experienced litigator (if a non-binding arbitration)

- < **Neutral evaluation** is an informal process in which a neutral party (the evaluator) reviews the case with counsel and gives a non-binding assessment of the strengths and weaknesses on each side and the likely outcome. The neutral can help parties to identify issues, prepare stipulations, and draft discovery plans. The parties may use the neutral's evaluation to discuss settlement.

Neutral evaluation may be appropriate when:

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- < **Special masters and referees** are neutral parties who may be appointed by the court to obtain information or to make specific fact findings that may lead to a resolution of a dispute.

Special masters and referees can be particularly effective in complex cases with a number of parties, like construction disputes.

- < **Settlement conferences** are informal processes in which the neutral (a judge or an experienced attorney) meets with the parties or their attorneys, hears the facts of the dispute, and normally suggests a resolution that the parties may accept or use as a basis for further negotiations.

Settlement conferences can be effective when the authority or expertise of the judge or experienced attorney may help the parties reach a resolution.

What kind of disputes can be resolved by ADR?

Although some disputes must go to court, almost any dispute can be resolved through ADR. This includes disputes involving business matters; civil rights; corporations; construction; consumer protection; contracts; copyrights; defamation; disabilities; discrimination; employment; environmental problems; harassment; health care; housing; insurance; intellectual property; labor; landlord/tenant; media; medical malpractice; and other professional negligence; neighborhood problems; partnerships; patents; personal injury; probate; product liability; property damage; real estate; securities; and sports, among other matters.

Where can you get assistance with selecting an appropriate form of ADR and a neutral for your case, for information about ADR procedures, or for other questions about ADR?

Contact:

Santa Clara County Superior Court
ADR Administrator
408-882-2530

Santa Clara County DRPA Coordinator
408-792-2704

WDS 7/27/07 9:23AM

**SUMMONS ON COMPLAINT
(CITACION JUDICIAL)**

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT:**(AVISO AL DEMANDADO):**

THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY, WALT DISNEY STUDIOS, DISNEY PRESS, PIXAR ANIMATION STUDIOS, WALT DISNEY FEATURE ANIMATION, WALT DISNEY PICTURES, DISNEY ENTERPRISES, INC.

AND DOES 1-100
YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF:
(LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):
DEBORAH J. THOMAS

SUM-100FOR COURT USE ONLY
(SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)**(ENDORSED)****P T E D**

MAY 29 2007

KIRI TORRE
Chief Executive Officer/Clerk
Superior Court of CA County of Santa Clara
BY _____ DEPUTY

Clark Sakai

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales.

The name and address of the court is:

(El nombre y dirección de la corte es):

SUPERIOR COURT OF SANTA CLARA COUNTY
191 N. FIRST STREET
SAN JOSE, CA 95113CASE NUMBER:
(Número de Caso)

107CV086977

CIVIL

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is:

(El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es):

Archie S. Robinson, Esq. [SBN 34789] 408/298-7120 408/298-0477

ROBINSON & WOOD, INC.,
227 North First Street
San Jose, CA 95113**Clark Sakai**

DATE:

(Fecha)

MAY 29 2007Clerk by:
(Secretario)Deputy
(Adjunto)(For proof of service of this summons, use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).)
(Para prueba de entrega de esta citación use el formulario Próof of Service of Summons, (POS-010)).**NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED:** You are served

1. as an individual defendant.
2. as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):
3. on behalf of (specify): WALT DISNEY STUDIOS
under: CCP 416.10 (corporation) CCP 416.60 (minor)
 CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation) CCP 416.70 (conservatee)
 CCP 416.40 (association or partnership) CCP 416.90 (authorized person)
 other (specify):
4. by personal delivery on (date): **7/27/07**

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name) Archie S. Robinson, Esq. [SBN 34789] ROBINSON & WOOD, INC. 227 North First Street San Jose, CA 95113		Bar number, and address: TELEPHONE NO.: 408/298-7120 FAX NO.: 408/298-0477 ATTORNEY FOR (Name): DEBORAH J. THOMAS	
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA STREET ADDRESS: 191 N. FIRST STREET MAILING ADDRESS: CITY AND ZIP CODE: SAN JOSE, CA 95113 BRANCH NAME: CIVIL			
CASE NAME: THOMAS v. THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY, et al.			
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unlimited <input type="checkbox"/> Limited (Amount demanded exceeds \$25,000) <input type="checkbox"/> (Amount demanded is \$25,000 or less)		Complex Case Designation <input type="checkbox"/> Counter <input type="checkbox"/> Joinder Filed with first appearance by defendant (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)	

CM-010

FOR COURT USE ONLY

(ENDORSED)

MAY 29 2007

KIRI TORRE

Clerk, Circuit & Civil Clerk
Superior Court of CA, County of Santa Clara

BY _____ DEPUTY

Clark Sakai

JUDGE:

DEPT:

107CV086977

Items 1-5 below must be completed (see instructions on page 2).

1. Check one box below for the case type that best describes this case:

Auto Tort	Contract	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400-3.403)
<input type="checkbox"/> Auto (22)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breach of contract/warranty (06)	<input type="checkbox"/> Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)
<input type="checkbox"/> Uninsured motorist (46)	<input type="checkbox"/> Collections (09)	<input type="checkbox"/> Construction defect (10)
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	<input type="checkbox"/> Insurance coverage (18)	<input type="checkbox"/> Mass tort (40)
<input type="checkbox"/> Asbestos (04)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other contract (37)	<input type="checkbox"/> Securities litigation (28)
<input type="checkbox"/> Product liability (24)	Real Property	<input type="checkbox"/> Environmental/Toxic tort (30)
<input type="checkbox"/> Medical malpractice (45)	<input type="checkbox"/> Eminent domain/inverse condemnation (14)	<input type="checkbox"/> Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case types (41)
<input type="checkbox"/> Other PI/PD/WD (23)	<input type="checkbox"/> Wrongful eviction (33)	
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	<input type="checkbox"/> Other real property (26)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Business tort/unfair business practice (07)	Unlawful Detainer	Enforcement of Judgment
<input type="checkbox"/> Civil rights (08)	<input type="checkbox"/> Commercial (31)	<input type="checkbox"/> Enforcement of Judgment (20)
<input type="checkbox"/> Defamation (13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Residential (32)	Miscellaneous Civil Complaint
<input type="checkbox"/> Fraud (16)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drugs (38)	<input type="checkbox"/> RICO (27)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intellectual property (19)	Judicial Review	<input type="checkbox"/> Other complaint (not specified above) (42)
<input type="checkbox"/> Professional negligence (25)	<input type="checkbox"/> Asset forfeiture (05)	Miscellaneous Civil Petition
<input type="checkbox"/> Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition re: arbitration award (11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Partnership and corporate governance (21)
Employment	<input type="checkbox"/> Writ of mandate (02)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other petition (not specified above) (43)
<input type="checkbox"/> Wrongful termination (36)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other judicial review (39)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other employment (15)		

2. This case is is not complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the factors requiring exceptional judicial management:

- a. Large number of separately represented parties d. Large number of witnesses
 b. Extensive motion practice raising difficult or novel e. Coordination with related actions pending in one or more courts issues that will be time-consuming to resolve in other counties, states, or countries, or in a federal court
 c. Substantial amount of documentary evidence f. Substantial postjudgment judicial supervision

3. Type of remedies sought (check all that apply):

- a. monetary b. nonmonetary; declaratory or injunctive relief c. punitive

4. Number of causes of action (specify):

5. This case is is not a class action suit.

6. If there are any known related cases, file and serve a notice of related case. (You may use form CM-015.)

Date: 5/29/2007

Archie S. Robinson, Esq.

(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)

(SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)

NOTICE

- Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed under the Probate Code, Family Code, or Welfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result in sanctions.
- File this cover sheet in addition to any cover sheet required by local court rule.
- If this case is complex under rule 3.400 et seq. of the California Rules of Court, you must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all other parties to the action or proceeding.
- Unless this is a complex case, this cover sheet will be used for statistical purposes only.

ATTACHMENT A

CIVIL LAWSUIT NOTICE

*Superior Court of California, County of Santa Clara
191 N. First St., San Jose, CA 95113*

CASE NUMBER:

107CV086977**READ THIS ENTIRE FORM**

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ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION
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ADR Administrator
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Santa Clara County DRPA Coordinator
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**SUMMONS ON COMPLAINT
(CITACION JUDICIAL)**

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THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY, WALT DISNEY STUDIOS, DISNEY PRESS, PIXAR ANIMATION STUDIOS, WALT DISNEY FEATURE ANIMATION, WALT DISNEY PICTURES, DISNEY ENTERPRISES, INC.

**AND DOES 1-100
YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF:
(LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):**

DEBORAH J. THOMAS

DP 7/27/07 9:25 AM

SUM-100

FOR COURT USE ONLY
(SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

(ENDORSED)

FILED

MAY 29 2007

KIRI TORRE

Chief Executive Officer/Clerk
Superior Court of CA County of Santa Clara

BY _____ DEPUTY

Clark Sakai

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The name and address of the court is:
(El nombre y dirección de la corte es):

SUPERIOR COURT OF SANTA CLARA COUNTY
191 N. FIRST STREET
SAN JOSE, CA 95113

CASE NUMBER:
(Número del Caso)

107CV086977

CIVIL

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is:

(El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es):

Archie S. Robinson, Esq. [SBN 34789] 408/298-7120 408/298-0477

ROBINSON & WOOD, INC.,
227 North First Street
San Jose, CA 95113

DATE:

(Fecha)

MAY 29 2007

Clark Sakai

Kiri Torre
Chief Executive Officer/Clerk
Clerk, by _____ Deputy
(Secretario) (Adjunto)

(For proof of service of this summons, use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).)
(Para prueba de entrega de esta citación use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons, (POS-010)).

NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served

1. as an individual defendant.
2. as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):
3. on behalf of (specify): DISNEY PRESS

under: CCP 416.10 (corporation) CCP 416.60 (minor)
 CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation) CCP 416.70 (conservatee)
 CCP 416.40 (association or partnership) CCP 416.90 (authorized person)
 other (specify):

4. by personal delivery on (date):

7/27/07

Page 1 of 1
Code of Civil Procedure §§ 412.20, 465

CM-010

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, Bar number, and address): Archie S. Robinson, Esq. [SBN 34789] ROBINSON & WOOD, INC. 227 North First Street San Jose, CA 95113		FOR COURT USE ONLY
TELEPHONE NO.: 408/298-7120 FAX NO.: 408/298-0477		(ENDORSED)
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): DEBORAH J. THOMAS		FILED
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA STREET ADDRESS: 191 N. FIRST STREET MAILING ADDRESS: CITY AND ZIP CODE: SAN JOSE, CA 95113 BRANCH NAME: CIVIL		MAY 29 2007
CASE NAME: THOMAS v. THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY, et al.		
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unlimited <input type="checkbox"/> Limited (Amount demanded exceeds \$25,000) (Amount demanded is \$25,000 or less)		Complex Case Designation <input type="checkbox"/> Counter <input type="checkbox"/> Joiner Filed with first appearance by defendant (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)

BY _____ DEPUTY

KIRI TORRE
Chief Deputy Clerk
Superior Court of CA County of Santa Clara

Clark Sakai

JUDGE:

DEPT:

107CV086977

Items 1-5 below must be completed (see instructions on page 2).

1. Check one box below for the case type that best describes this case:

Auto Tort <input type="checkbox"/> Auto (22) <input type="checkbox"/> Uninsured motorist (46) Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort <input type="checkbox"/> Asbestos (04) <input type="checkbox"/> Product liability (24) <input type="checkbox"/> Medical malpractice (45) <input type="checkbox"/> Other PI/PD/WD (23) Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Business tort/unfair business practice (07) <input type="checkbox"/> Civil rights (08) <input type="checkbox"/> Defamation (13) <input type="checkbox"/> Fraud (16) <input type="checkbox"/> Intellectual property (19) <input type="checkbox"/> Professional negligence (25) <input type="checkbox"/> Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35) Employment <input type="checkbox"/> Wrongful termination (36) <input type="checkbox"/> Other employment (15)	Contract <input type="checkbox"/> Breach of contract/warranty (06) <input type="checkbox"/> Collections (09) <input type="checkbox"/> Insurance coverage (18) <input type="checkbox"/> Other contract (37) Real Property <input type="checkbox"/> Eminent domain/Inverse condemnation (14) <input type="checkbox"/> Wrongful eviction (33) <input type="checkbox"/> Other real property (26) Unlawful Detainer <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial (31) <input type="checkbox"/> Residential (32) <input type="checkbox"/> Drugs (38) Judicial Review <input type="checkbox"/> Asset forfeiture (05) <input type="checkbox"/> Petition re: arbitration award (11) <input type="checkbox"/> Writ of mandate (02) <input type="checkbox"/> Other judicial review (39)	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400-3.403) <input type="checkbox"/> Antitrust/Trade regulation (03) <input type="checkbox"/> Construction defect (10) <input type="checkbox"/> Mass tort (40) <input type="checkbox"/> Securities litigation (28) <input type="checkbox"/> Environmental/Toxic tort (30) <input type="checkbox"/> Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case types (41) Enforcement of Judgment <input type="checkbox"/> Enforcement of Judgment (20) Miscellaneous Civil Complaint <input type="checkbox"/> RICO (27) <input type="checkbox"/> Other complaint (not specified above) (42) Miscellaneous Civil Petition <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership and corporate governance (21) <input type="checkbox"/> Other petition (not specified above) (43)
---	--	--

2. This case is not complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the factors requiring exceptional judicial management:

- a. Large number of separately represented parties d. Large number of witnesses
 b. Extensive motion practice raising difficult or novel issues that will be time-consuming to resolve e. Coordination with related actions pending in one or more courts in other counties, states, or countries, or in a federal court
 c. Substantial amount of documentary evidence f. Substantial postjudgment judicial supervision

3. Type of remedies sought (check all that apply):

- a. monetary b. nonmonetary; declaratory or injunctive relief c. punitive

4. Number of causes of action (specify): 1

5. This case is not a class action suit.

6. If there are any known related cases, file and serve a notice of related case. (You may use form CM-015.)

Date: 5/29/2007

Archie S. Robinson, Esq.
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)

(SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)

NOTICE

- Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed under the Probate Code, Family Code, or Welfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result in sanctions.
- File this cover sheet in addition to any cover sheet required by local court rule.
- If this case is complex under rule 3.400 et seq. of the California Rules of Court, you must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all other parties to the action or proceeding.
- Unless this is a complex case, this cover sheet will be used for statistical purposes only.

ATTACHMENT A

CIVIL LAWSUIT NOTICE

*Superior Court of California, County of Santa Clara
191 N. First St., San Jose, CA 95113*

CASE NUMBER:

107CV086977**READ THIS ENTIRE FORM**

PLAINTIFFS (the person(s) suing): Within 60 days after filing the lawsuit, you must serve each defendant with the *Complaint, Summons, an Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) Information Sheet*, and a copy of this *Civil Lawsuit Notice*, and you must file written proof of such service.

DEFENDANTS (the person(s) being sued): You must do each of the following to protect your rights:

1. You must file a written response to the Complaint, in the clerk's office of the Court, within 30 days of the date the *Summons* and *Complaint* were served on you;
2. You must send a copy of your written response to the plaintiff; and
3. You must attend the first Case Management Conference.

Warning: If you do not do these three things, you may automatically lose this case.

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Your Case Management Judge is: Kevin McKenney DEPT: 16

The first CMC is scheduled as follows: (Completed by Clerk of Court)

Date: OCT - 9 2008 Time: 2:15 PM Dept.: 16

The next CMC is scheduled as follows: (Completed by party if the first CMC was continued or has passed)

Date: _____ Time: _____ Dept.: _____

ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (ADR): If all parties have appeared and filed a completed *ADR Stipulation Form* (local form CV-5008) at least 15 days before the CMC, the Court will cancel the CMC and mail notice of an *ADR Status Conference*. Visit the Court's website at www.sccsuperiorcourt.org/civil/ADR/ or call the ADR Administrator (408-882-2100 x-2156) for a list of ADR providers and their qualifications, services, and fees.

WARNING: Sanctions may be imposed if you do not follow the California Rules of Court or the Local Rules of Court.

**SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA
ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION
INFORMATION SHEET / CIVIL DIVISION**

Many cases can be resolved to the satisfaction of all parties without the necessity of traditional litigation, which can be expensive, time consuming, and stressful. The Court finds that it is in the best interests of the parties that they participate in alternatives to traditional litigation, including arbitration, mediation, neutral evaluation, special masters and referees, and settlement conferences. Therefore, all matters shall be referred to an appropriate form of Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) before they are set for trial, unless there is good cause to dispense with the ADR requirement.

What is ADR?

ADR is the general term for a wide variety of dispute resolution processes that are alternatives to litigation. Types of ADR processes include mediation, arbitration, neutral evaluation, special masters and referees, and settlement conferences, among others forms.

What are the advantages of choosing ADR instead of litigation?

ADR can have a number of advantages over litigation:

- < ADR can save time. A dispute can be resolved in a matter of months, or even weeks, while litigation can take years.
- < ADR can save money. Attorney's fees, court costs, and expert fees can be reduced or avoided altogether.
- < ADR provides more participation. Parties have more opportunities with ADR to express their interests and concerns, instead of focusing exclusively on legal rights.
- < ADR provides more control and flexibility. Parties can choose the ADR process that is most likely to bring a satisfactory resolution to their dispute.
- < ADR can reduce stress. ADR encourages cooperation and communication, while discouraging the adversarial atmosphere of litigation. Surveys of parties who have participated in an ADR process have found much greater satisfaction than with parties who have gone through litigation.

What are the main forms of ADR offered by the Court?

- < Mediation is an informal, confidential process in which a neutral party (the mediator) assists the parties in understanding their own interests, the interests of the other parties, and the practical and legal realities they all face. The mediator then helps the parties to explore options and arrive at a mutually acceptable resolution of the dispute. The mediator does not decide the dispute. The parties do.

Mediation may be appropriate when:

- < The parties want a non-adversary procedure
- < The parties have a continuing business or personal relationship
- < Communication problems are interfering with a resolution
- < There is an emotional element involved
- < The parties are interested in an injunction, consent decree, or other form of equitable relief

-over-

- < Arbitration is a normally informal process in which the neutral (the arbitrator) decides the dispute after hearing the evidence and arguments of the parties. The parties can agree to binding or non-binding arbitration. Binding arbitration is designed to give the parties a resolution of their dispute when they cannot agree by themselves or with a mediator. If the arbitration is non-binding, any party can reject the arbitrator's decision and request a trial.

Arbitration may be appropriate when:

- < The action is for personal injury, property damage, or breach of contract
- < Only monetary damages are sought
- < Witness testimony, under oath, is desired
- < An advisory opinion is sought from an experienced litigator (if a non-binding arbitration)

- < Neutral evaluation is an informal process in which a neutral party (the evaluator) reviews the case with counsel and gives a non-binding assessment of the strengths and weaknesses on each side and the likely outcome. The neutral can help parties to identify issues, prepare stipulations, and draft discovery plans. The parties may use the neutral's evaluation to discuss settlement.

Neutral evaluation may be appropriate when:

- < The parties are far apart in their view of the law or value of the case
- < The case involves a technical issue in which the evaluator has expertise
- < Case planning assistance would be helpful and would save legal fees and costs
- < The parties are interested in an injunction, consent decree, or other form of equitable relief

- < Special masters and referees are neutral parties who may be appointed by the court to obtain information or to make specific fact findings that may lead to a resolution of a dispute.

Special masters and referees can be particularly effective in complex cases with a number of parties, like construction disputes.

- < Settlement conferences are informal processes in which the neutral (a judge or an experienced attorney) meets with the parties or their attorneys, hears the facts of the dispute, and normally suggests a resolution that the parties may accept or use as a basis for further negotiations.

Settlement conferences can be effective when the authority or expertise of the judge or experienced attorney may help the parties reach a resolution.

What kind of disputes can be resolved by ADR?

Although some disputes must go to court, almost any dispute can be resolved through ADR. This includes disputes involving business matters; civil rights; corporations; construction; consumer protection; contracts; copyrights; defamation; disabilities; discrimination; employment; environmental problems; harassment; health care; housing; insurance; intellectual property; labor; landlord/tenant; media; medical malpractice; and other professional negligence; neighborhood problems; partnerships; patents; personal injury; probate; product liability; property damage; real estate; securities; and sports, among other matters.

Where can you get assistance with selecting an appropriate form of ADR and a neutral for your case, for information about ADR procedures, or for other questions about ADR?

Contact:

Santa Clara County Superior Court
ADR Administrator
408-882-2530

Santa Clara County DRPA Coordinator
408-792-2704

PAS 7/27/07 4:27 PM

**SUMMONS ON COMPLAINT
(CITACION JUDICIAL)**

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT:**(AVISO AL DEMANDADO):**

THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY, WALT DISNEY STUDIOS, DISNEY PRESS, PIXAR ANIMATION STUDIOS, WALT DISNEY FEATURE ANIMATION, WALT DISNEY PICTURES, DISNEY ENTERPRISES, INC.

AND DOES 1-100
YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF:
(LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):
DEBORAH J. THOMAS

SUM-100

FOR COURT USE ONLY
(SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

**(ENDORSED)
FILED**

MAY 29 2007

KIRI TORRE
Chief Executive Officer/Clerk
Superior Court of CA County of Santa Clara
BY _____ DEPUTY

Clark Sakai

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales.

The name and address of the court is:

(El nombre y dirección de la corte es):
SUPERIOR COURT OF SANTA CLARA COUNTY
191 N. FIRST STREET
SAN JOSE, CA 95113

CASE NUMBER:
(Número del Caso)

107CV086977

CIVIL

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is:

(El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es):
Archie S. Robinson, Esq. [SBN 34789] 408/298-7120 408/298-0477

ROBINSON & WOOD, INC.,
227 North First Street
San Jose, CA 95113

DATE:
(Fecha) MAY 29 2007

Clerk, by _____ Deputy
(Secretario) Clark Sakai
Kiri Torre Chief Executive Officer/Clerk (Adjunto)

(For proof of service of this summons, use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).)
(Para prueba de entrega de esta citación use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons, (POS-010)).

NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served

1. as an individual defendant.
2. as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):

3. on behalf of (specify): PIXAR ANIMATION STUDIOS

under: CCP 416.10 (corporation) CCP 416.60 (minor)
 CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation) CCP 416.70 (conservatee)
 CCP 416.40 (association or partnership) CCP 416.90 (authorized person)
 other (specify):

4. by personal delivery on (date): 7/27/07

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, Bar number, and address): Archie S. Robinson, Esq. [SBN 34789] ROBINSON & WOOD, INC. 227 North First Street San Jose, CA 95113		CM-010 FOR COURT USE ONLY
TELEPHONE NO.: 408/298-7120 FAX NO.: 408/298-0477 ATTORNEY FOR (Name): DEBORAH J. THOMAS		(ENDORSED) FILED MAY 29 2007
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA STREET ADDRESS: 191 N. FIRST STREET MAILING ADDRESS: CITY AND ZIP CODE: SAN JOSE, CA 95113 BRANCH NAME: CIVIL		KIRI TORRE Chief Deputy Clerk Superior Court of CA, County of Santa Clara BY _____ DEPUTY
CASE NAME: THOMAS v. THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY, et al.		
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unlimited <input type="checkbox"/> Limited (Amount demanded exceeds \$25,000) (Amount demanded is \$25,000 or less)		Complex Case Designation <input type="checkbox"/> Counter <input type="checkbox"/> Joiner Filed with first appearance by defendant (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)

Items 1-5 below must be completed (see instructions on page 2).

1. Check one box below for the case type that best describes this case:

Auto Tort

- Auto (22)
 Uninsured motorist (46)

Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort

- Asbestos (04)
 Product liability (24)
 Medical malpractice (45)
 Other PI/PD/WD (23)

Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort

- Business tort/unfair business practice (07)
 Civil rights (08)
 Defamation (13)
 Fraud (16)
 Intellectual property (19)
 Professional negligence (25)
 Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)

Employment

- Wrongful termination (36)
 Other employment (15)

Contract

- Breach of contract/warranty (06)
 Collections (09)
 Insurance coverage (18)
 Other contract (37)

Real Property

- Eminent domain/inverse condemnation (14)
 Wrongful eviction (33)
 Other real property (26)

Unlawful Detainer

- Commercial (31)
 Residential (32)
 Drugs (38)

Judicial Review

- Asset forfeiture (05)
 Petition re: arbitration award (11)
 Writ of mandate (02)
 Other judicial review (39)

Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation

(Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400-3.403)

- Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)
 Construction defect (10)
 Mass tort (40)
 Securities litigation (28)
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 Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case types (41)

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Miscellaneous Civil Complaint

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 Other complaint (not specified above) (42)

Miscellaneous Civil Petition

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Date: 5/29/2007

Archie S. Robinson, Esq.

(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)

(SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)

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CASE NUMBER:

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ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION
INFORMATION SHEET / CIVIL DIVISION**

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- < The parties are interested in an injunction, consent decree, or other form of equitable relief

-over-

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- < Settlement conferences are informal processes in which the neutral (a judge or an experienced attorney) meets with the parties or their attorneys, hears the facts of the dispute, and normally suggests a resolution that the parties may accept or use as a basis for further negotiations.

Settlement conferences can be effective when the authority or expertise of the judge or experienced attorney may help the parties reach a resolution.

What kind of disputes can be resolved by ADR?

Although some disputes must go to court, almost any dispute can be resolved through ADR. This includes disputes involving business matters; civil rights; corporations; construction; consumer protection; contracts; copyrights; defamation; disabilities; discrimination; employment; environmental problems; harassment; health care; housing; insurance; intellectual property; labor; landlord/tenant; media; medical malpractice; and other professional negligence; neighborhood problems; partnerships; patents; personal injury; probate; product liability; property damage; real estate; securities; and sports, among other matters.

Where can you get assistance with selecting an appropriate form of ADR and a neutral for your case, for information about ADR procedures, or for other questions about ADR?

Contact:

Santa Clara County Superior Court
ADR Administrator
408-882-2530

Santa Clara County DRPA Coordinator
408-792-2704

WDFA 7/21/07 9:23AM

**SU(IONS ON COMPLAINT
(CITACION JUDICIAL)**

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT:**(AVISO AL DEMANDADO):**

THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY, WALT DISNEY STUDIOS, DISNEY PRESS, PIXAR ANIMATION STUDIOS, WALT DISNEY FEATURE ANIMATION, WALT DISNEY PICTURES, DISNEY ENTERPRISES, INC.

AND DOES 1-100

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF:

(LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

DEBORAH J. THOMAS

SUM-100FOR COURT USE ONLY
(SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)**(ENDORSED)****F T L E D**

MAY 29 2007

KIRI TORRE

Chief Executive Officer/Clerk
Superior Court of CA County of Santa Clara

BY _____ DEPUTY

Clark Sakai

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales.

The name and address of the court is:

(El nombre y dirección de la corte es):
SUPERIOR COURT OF SANTA CLARA COUNTY
191 N. FIRST STREET
SAN JOSE, CA 95113

CASE NUMBER:
(Número de caso)

107CV086977

CIVIL

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is:

(El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es):
Archie S. Robinson, Esq. [SBN 34789] 408/298-7120 408/298-0477

ROBINSON & WOOD, INC.,
227 North First Street
San Jose, CA 95113

Clark Sakai

DATE:

MAY 29 2007

Clerk, by _____ Deputy
(Secretario) (Adjunto)

(Fecha)

(For proof of service of this summons, use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).)

(Para prueba de entrega de esta citación use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons, (POS-010)).

NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served

- as an individual defendant.
- as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):

3. on behalf of (specify): WALT DISNEY FEATURE ANIMATION

under:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CCP 416.10 (corporation)	<input type="checkbox"/> CCP 416.60 (minor)
	<input type="checkbox"/> CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation)	<input type="checkbox"/> CCP 416.70 (conservatee)
	<input type="checkbox"/> CCP 416.40 (association or partnership)	<input type="checkbox"/> CCP 416.90 (authorized person)
	<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify):	

4. by personal delivery on (date):

CM-010

FOR COURT USE ONLY

(ENDORSED)

FILED

MAY 29 2007

KIRI TORRE

Chief Executive Clerk
Superior Court of CA, County of Santa Clara

BY DEPUTY

Clark Salca

JUDGE:

DEPT:

107CV086977

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, Bar number, and address): Archie S. Robinson, Esq. [SBN 34789] ROBINSON & WOOD, INC. 227 North First Street San Jose, CA 95113	
TELEPHONE NO.: 408/298-7120 FAX NO.: 408/298-0477	
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): DEBORAH J. THOMAS	
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA STREET ADDRESS: 191 N. FIRST STREET MAILING ADDRESS: CITY AND ZIP CODE: SAN JOSE, CA 95113 BRANCH NAME: CIVIL	
CASE NAME: THOMAS v. THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY, et al.	

CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unlimited (Amount demanded exceeds \$25,000)	<input type="checkbox"/> Limited (Amount demanded is \$25,000 or less)
--	--

Complex Case Designation

<input type="checkbox"/> Counter	<input type="checkbox"/> Joiner
----------------------------------	---------------------------------

Filed with first appearance by defendant (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)

CASE NUMBER:
Clark Salca

JUDGE:
DEPT:

Items 1-5 below must be completed (see instructions on page 2).

1. Check one box below for the case type that best describes this case:**Auto Tort**

- Auto (22)
 Uninsured motorist (46)

Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort

- Asbestos (04)
 Product liability (24)
 Medical malpractice (45)
 Other PI/PD/WD (23)

Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort

- Business tort/unfair business practice (07)
 Civil rights (08)
 Defamation (13)
 Fraud (10)
 Intellectual property (19)
 Professional negligence (25)
 Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)

Employment

- Wrongful termination (36)
 Other employment (15)

Contract

- Breach of contract/warranty (06)
 Collections (09)
 Insurance coverage (18)
 Other contract (37)

Real Property

- Eminent domain/inverse condemnation (14)
 Wrongful eviction (33)
 Other real property (26)

Unlawful Detainer

- Commercial (31)
 Residential (32)
 Drugs (38)

Judicial Review

- Asset forfeiture (05)
 Petition re: arbitration award (11)
 Writ of mandate (02)
 Other judicial review (39)

Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation
(Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400-3.403)

- Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)
 Construction defect (10)
 Mass tort (40)
 Securities litigation (28)
 Environmental/Toxic tort (30)
 Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case types (41)

Enforcement of Judgment

- Enforcement of Judgment (20)

Miscellaneous Civil Complaint

- RICO (27)
 Other complaint (not specified above) (42)

Miscellaneous Civil Petition

- Partnership and corporate governance (21)
 Other petition (not specified above) (43)

2. This case is not complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the factors requiring exceptional judicial management:

- a. Large number of separately represented parties d. Large number of witnesses
 b. Extensive motion practice raising difficult or novel e. Coordination with related actions pending in one or more courts issues that will be time-consuming to resolve in other counties, states, or countries, or in a federal court
 c. Substantial amount of documentary evidence f. Substantial postjudgment judicial supervision

3. Type of remedies sought (check all that apply):

- a. monetary b. nonmonetary; declaratory or injunctive relief c. punitive

4. Number of causes of action (specify): 1**5. This case is not a class action suit.****6. If there are any known related cases, file and serve a notice of related case. (You may use form CM-015.)**

Date: 5/29/2007

Archie S. Robinson, Esq.

(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)

(SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)

NOTICE

- Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed under the Probate Code, Family Code, or Welfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result in sanctions.
- File this cover sheet in addition to any cover sheet required by local court rule.
- If this case is complex under rule 3.400 et seq. of the California Rules of Court, you must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all other parties to the action or proceeding.
- Unless this is a complex case, this cover sheet will be used for statistical purposes only.

ATTACHMENT A

CIVIL LAWSUIT NOTICE

*Superior Court of California, County of Santa Clara
191 N. First St., San Jose, CA 95113*

CASE NUMBER:

107CV086977**READ THIS ENTIRE FORM**

PLAINTIFFS (the person(s) suing): Within 60 days after filing the lawsuit, you must serve each defendant with the *Complaint, Summons, an Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) Information Sheet*, and a copy of this *Civil Lawsuit Notice*, and you must file written proof of such service.

DEFENDANTS (the person(s) being sued): You must do each of the following to protect your rights:

1. You must file a written response to the Complaint, in the clerk's office of the Court, within 30 days of the date the *Summons* and *Complaint* were served on you;
2. You must send a copy of your written response to the plaintiff; and
3. You must attend the first Case Management Conference.

Warning: If you do not do these three things, you may automatically lose this case.

RULES AND FORMS: You must follow the California Rules of Court (CRC) and the Santa Clara County Superior Court Local Civil Rules and use proper forms. You can get legal information, view the rules and get forms, free of charge, from the Self-Service Center at 99 Notre Dame Avenue, San Jose (408-882-2900 x-2926), or from:

- State Rules and Judicial Council Forms: www.courtinfo.ca.gov/forms and www.courtinfo.ca.gov/rules
- Local Rules and Forms: www.sccsuperiorcourt.org/civil/rule1toc.htm
- Rose Printing, 49 N. First St., San Jose (408-293-8177)

For other local information, visit the Court's Self-Service website www.scselfservice.org and select "Civil."

CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE (CMC): You must meet with the other parties and discuss the case, in person or by telephone, at least 30 calendar days before the CMC. You must also fill out, file and serve a *Case Management Statement* (Judicial Council form CM-110) at least 15 calendar days before the CMC. You or your attorney must appear at the CMC. You may ask to appear by telephone – see Local Civil Rule 8.

Your Case Management Judge is: Kevin McKenney DEPT: 16

The first CMC is scheduled as follows: (Completed by Clerk of Court)

Date: OCT - 9 2008 Time: 2:15 PM Dept: 16

The next CMC is scheduled as follows: (Completed by party if the first CMC was continued or has passed)

Date: _____ Time: _____ Dept: _____

ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (ADR): If all parties have appeared and filed a completed *ADR Stipulation Form* (local form CV-5008) at least 15 days before the CMC, the Court will cancel the CMC and mail notice of an ADR Status Conference. Visit the Court's website at www.sccsuperiorcourt.org/civil/ADR/ or call the ADR Administrator (408-882-2100 x-2156) for a list of ADR providers and their qualifications, services, and fees.

WARNING: Sanctions may be imposed if you do not follow the California Rules of Court or the Local Rules of Court.

**SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA
ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION
INFORMATION SHEET / CIVIL DIVISION**

Many cases can be resolved to the satisfaction of all parties without the necessity of traditional litigation, which can be expensive, time consuming, and stressful. The Court finds that it is in the best interests of the parties that they participate in alternatives to traditional litigation, including arbitration, mediation, neutral evaluation, special masters and referees, and settlement conferences. Therefore, all matters shall be referred to an appropriate form of Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) before they are set for trial, unless there is good cause to dispense with the ADR requirement.

What is ADR?

ADR is the general term for a wide variety of dispute resolution processes that are alternatives to litigation. Types of ADR processes include mediation, arbitration, neutral evaluation, special masters and referees, and settlement conferences, among others forms.

What are the advantages of choosing ADR instead of litigation?

ADR can have a number of advantages over litigation:

- < **ADR can save time.** A dispute can be resolved in a matter of months, or even weeks, while litigation can take years.
- < **ADR can save money.** Attorney's fees, court costs, and expert fees can be reduced or avoided altogether.
- < **ADR provides more participation.** Parties have more opportunities with ADR to express their interests and concerns, instead of focusing exclusively on legal rights.
- < **ADR provides more control and flexibility.** Parties can choose the ADR process that is most likely to bring a satisfactory resolution to their dispute.
- < **ADR can reduce stress.** ADR encourages cooperation and communication, while discouraging the adversarial atmosphere of litigation. Surveys of parties who have participated in an ADR process have found much greater satisfaction than with parties who have gone through litigation.

What are the main forms of ADR offered by the Court?

- < **Mediation** is an informal, confidential process in which a neutral party (the mediator) assists the parties in understanding their own interests, the interests of the other parties, and the practical and legal realities they all face. The mediator then helps the parties to explore options and arrive at a mutually acceptable resolution of the dispute. The mediator does not decide the dispute. The parties do.

Mediation may be appropriate when:

- < The parties want a non-adversary procedure
- < The parties have a continuing business or personal relationship
- < Communication problems are interfering with a resolution
- < There is an emotional element involved
- < The parties are interested in an injunction, consent decree, or other form of equitable relief

-over-

< Arbitration is a normally informal process in which the neutral (the arbitrator) decides the dispute after hearing the evidence and arguments of the parties. The parties can agree to binding or non-binding arbitration. Binding arbitration is designed to give the parties a resolution of their dispute when they cannot agree by themselves or with a mediator. If the arbitration is non-binding, any party can reject the arbitrator's decision and request a trial.

Arbitration may be appropriate when:

- < The action is for personal injury, property damage, or breach of contract
- < Only monetary damages are sought
- < Witness testimony, under oath, is desired
- < An advisory opinion is sought from an experienced litigator (if a non-binding arbitration)

< Neutral evaluation is an informal process in which a neutral party (the evaluator) reviews the case with counsel and gives a non-binding assessment of the strengths and weaknesses on each side and the likely outcome. The neutral can help parties to identify issues, prepare stipulations, and draft discovery plans. The parties may use the neutral's evaluation to discuss settlement.

Neutral evaluation may be appropriate when:

- < The parties are far apart in their view of the law or value of the case
- < The case involves a technical issue in which the evaluator has expertise
- < Case planning assistance would be helpful and would save legal fees and costs
- < The parties are interested in an injunction, consent decree, or other form of equitable relief

< Special masters and referees are neutral parties who may be appointed by the court to obtain information or to make specific fact findings that may lead to a resolution of a dispute.

Special masters and referees can be particularly effective in complex cases with a number of parties, like construction disputes.

< Settlement conferences are informal processes in which the neutral (a judge or an experienced attorney) meets with the parties or their attorneys, hears the facts of the dispute, and normally suggests a resolution that the parties may accept or use as a basis for further negotiations.

Settlement conferences can be effective when the authority or expertise of the judge or experienced attorney may help the parties reach a resolution.

What kind of disputes can be resolved by ADR?

Although some disputes must go to court, almost any dispute can be resolved through ADR. This includes disputes involving business matters; civil rights; corporations; construction; consumer protection; contracts; copyrights; defamation; disabilities; discrimination; employment; environmental problems; harassment; health care; housing; insurance; intellectual property; labor; landlord/tenant; media; medical malpractice; and other professional negligence; neighborhood problems; partnerships; patents; personal injury; probate; product liability; property damage; real estate; securities; and sports, among other matters.

Where can you get assistance with selecting an appropriate form of ADR and a neutral for your case, for information about ADR procedures, or for other questions about ADR?

Contact:

Santa Clara County Superior Court
ADR Administrator
408-882-2530

Santa Clara County DRPA Coordinator
408-792-2704

WDP 7/27/07 9:23 AM

**SUMMONS ON COMPLAINT
(CITACION JUDICIAL)**

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT:**(AVISO AL DEMANDADO):**

THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY, WALT DISNEY STUDIOS, DISNEY PRESS, PIXAR ANIMATION STUDIOS, WALT DISNEY FEATURE ANIMATION, WALT DISNEY PICTURES, DISNEY ENTERPRISES, INC.

AND DOES 1-100

**YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF:
(LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):**

DEBORAH J. THOMAS

SUM-100
FOR COURT USE ONLY
(SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

**(ENDORSED)
FILED**

MAY 29 2007

KIRI TORRE
Chief Executive Officer/Clerk
Superior Court of CA County of Santa Clara
BY _____ DEPUTY

Clark Sakai

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

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Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia. Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales.

The name and address of the court is:

(El nombre y dirección de la corte es):
SUPERIOR COURT OF SANTA CLARA COUNTY
191 N. FIRST STREET
SAN JOSE, CA 95113

CASE NUMBER:
(Número del caso)

107CV086977

CIVIL

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is:

(El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es):
Archie S. Robinson, Esq. [SBN 34789]

408/298-7120 408/298-0477

ROBINSON & WOOD, INC.,
227 North First Street
San Jose, CA 95113

Clark Sakai

DATE:

(Fecha)

MAY 29 2007

Clerk, by _____, Deputy
(Secretario) (Adjunto)

(For proof of service of this summons, use Proof of Service of Summons (Form POS-010).)
(Para prueba de entrega de esta citación use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons, (POS-010)).

NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served

- as an individual defendant.
- as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):
- on behalf of (specify): WALT DISNEY PICTURES

under: CCP 416.10 (corporation) CCP 416.60 (minor)
 CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation) CCP 416.70 (conservatee)
 CCP 416.40 (association or partnership) CCP 416.90 (authorized person)
 other (specify):

4. by personal delivery on (date):

7/27/07

CM-010

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name)	(Bar number, and address):
Archie S. Robinson, Esq. [SBN 34789] ROBINSON & WOOD, INC. 227 North First Street San Jose, CA 95113	
TELEPHONE NO.: 408/298-7120	FAX NO.: 408/298-0477
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): DEBORAH J. THOMAS	
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA STREET ADDRESS: 191 N. FIRST STREET MAILING ADDRESS: CITY AND ZIP CODE: SAN JOSE, CA 95113 BRANCH NAME: CIVIL	
CASE NAME: THOMAS v. THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY, et al.	

FOR COURT USE ONLY

(ENDORSED)
F T L E D

MAY 29 2007

KIRI TORRE
Chief Deputy Clerk
Superior Court of California, County of Santa Clara
BY _____ DEPUTY

CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET		Complex Case Designation	CASE NUMBER:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unlimited (Amount demanded exceeds \$25,000)	<input type="checkbox"/> Limited (Amount demanded is \$25,000 or less)	<input type="checkbox"/> Counter <input type="checkbox"/> Joiner Filed with first appearance by defendant (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)	Clark Sakai
		JUDGE:	
		DEPT:	107CV086977

Items 1-5 below must be completed (see instructions on page 2).

1. Check one box below for the case type that best describes this case:

Auto Tort	Contract	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400-3.403)
<input type="checkbox"/> Auto (22)	<input type="checkbox"/> Breach of contract/warranty (06)	<input type="checkbox"/> Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)
<input type="checkbox"/> Uninsured motorist (46)	<input type="checkbox"/> Collections (09)	<input type="checkbox"/> Construction defect (10)
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	<input type="checkbox"/> Insurance coverage (18)	<input type="checkbox"/> Mass tort (40)
<input type="checkbox"/> Asbestos (04)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other contract (37)	<input type="checkbox"/> Securities litigation (28)
<input type="checkbox"/> Product liability (24)	Real Property	<input type="checkbox"/> Environmental/Toxic tort (30)
<input type="checkbox"/> Medical malpractice (45)	<input type="checkbox"/> Eminent domain/inverse condemnation (14)	<input type="checkbox"/> Insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case types (41)
<input type="checkbox"/> Other PI/PD/WD (23)	<input type="checkbox"/> Wrongful eviction (33)	
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	<input type="checkbox"/> Other real property (26)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Business tort/unfair business practice (07)	Unlawful Detainer	Enforcement of Judgment
<input type="checkbox"/> Civil rights (08)	<input type="checkbox"/> Commercial (31)	<input type="checkbox"/> Enforcement of judgment (20)
<input type="checkbox"/> Defamation (13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Residential (32)	Miscellaneous Civil Complaint
<input type="checkbox"/> Fraud (16)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drugs (38)	<input type="checkbox"/> RICO (27)
<input type="checkbox"/> Intellectual property (19)	Judicial Review	<input type="checkbox"/> Other complaint (not specified above) (42)
<input type="checkbox"/> Professional negligence (25)	<input type="checkbox"/> Asset forfeiture (05)	Miscellaneous Civil Petition
<input type="checkbox"/> Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition re: arbitration award (11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Partnership and corporate governance (21)
Employment	<input type="checkbox"/> Writ of mandate (02)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other petition (not specified above) (43)
<input type="checkbox"/> Wrongful termination (36)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other judicial review (39)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Other employment (15)		

2. This case is is not complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the factors requiring exceptional judicial management:

- a. Large number of separately represented parties
- b. Extensive motion practice raising difficult or novel issues that will be time-consuming to resolve
- c. Substantial amount of documentary evidence
- d. Large number of witnesses
- e. Coordination with related actions pending in one or more courts in other counties, states, or countries, or in a federal court
- f. Substantial postjudgment judicial supervision

3. Type of remedies sought (check all that apply):

- a. monetary
- b. nonmonetary; declaratory or injunctive relief
- c. punitive

4. Number of causes of action (specify):

5. This case is is not a class action suit.

6. If there are any known related cases, file and serve a notice of related case. (You may use form CM-015.)

Date: 5/29/2007

Archie S. Robinson, Esq.
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)

(SIGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)

NOTICE

- Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed under the Probate Code, Family Code, or Welfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result in sanctions.
- File this cover sheet in addition to any cover sheet required by local court rule.
- If this case is complex under rule 3.400 et seq. of the California Rules of Court, you must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all other parties to the action or proceeding.
- Unless this is a complex case, this cover sheet will be used for statistical purposes only.

ATTACHMENT A

CIVIL LAWSUIT NOTICE

*Superior Court of California, County of Santa Clara
191 N. First St., San Jose, CA 95113*

CASE NUMBER:

107CV086977**READ THIS ENTIRE FORM**

PLAINTIFFS (the person(s) suing): Within 60 days after filing the lawsuit, you must serve each defendant with the *Complaint, Summons, an Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) Information Sheet*, and a copy of this *Civil Lawsuit Notice*, and you must file written proof of such service.

DEFENDANTS (the person(s) being sued): You must do each of the following to protect your rights:

1. You must file a written response to the Complaint, in the clerk's office of the Court, within 30 days of the date the *Summons* and *Complaint* were served on you;
2. You must send a copy of your written response to the plaintiff; and
3. You must attend the first Case Management Conference.

Warning: If you do not do these three things, you may automatically lose this case.

RULES AND FORMS: You must follow the California Rules of Court (CRC) and the Santa Clara County Superior Court Local Civil Rules and use proper forms. You can get legal information, view the rules and get forms, free of charge, from the Self-Service Center at 99 Notre Dame Avenue, San Jose (408-882-2900 x-2926), or from:

- State Rules and Judicial Council Forms: www.courtinfo.ca.gov/forms and www.courtinfo.ca.gov/rules
- Local Rules and Forms: www.sccsuperiorcourt.org/civil/rule1toc.htm
- Rose Printing, 49 N. First St., San Jose (408-293-8177)

For other local information, visit the Court's Self-Service website www.sccselfservice.org and select "Civil."

CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE (CMC): You must meet with the other parties and discuss the case, in person or by telephone, at least 30 calendar days before the CMC. You must also fill out, file and serve a *Case Management Statement* (Judicial Council form CM-110) at least 15 calendar days before the CMC. You or your attorney must appear at the CMC. You may ask to appear by telephone – see Local Civil Rule 8.

Your Case Management Judge is: Kevin McKenney DEPT: 16

The first CMC is scheduled as follows: (Completed by Clerk of Court)

Date: OCT - 9 2008 Time: 2:15 PM Dept: 16

The next CMC is scheduled as follows: (Completed by party if the first CMC was continued or has passed)

Date: _____ Time: _____ Dept: _____

ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (ADR): If all parties have appeared and filed a completed *ADR Stipulation Form* (local form CV-5008) at least 15 days before the CMC, the Court will cancel the CMC and mail notice of an ADR Status Conference. Visit the Court's website at www.sccsuperiorcourt.org/civil/ADR/ or call the ADR Administrator (408-882-2100 x-2156) for a list of ADR providers and their qualifications, services, and fees.

WARNING: Sanctions may be imposed if you do not follow the California Rules of Court or the Local Rules of Court.

**SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA
ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION
INFORMATION SHEET / CIVIL DIVISION**

Many cases can be resolved to the satisfaction of all parties without the necessity of traditional litigation, which can be expensive, time consuming, and stressful. The Court finds that it is in the best interests of the parties that they participate in alternatives to traditional litigation, including arbitration, mediation, neutral evaluation, special masters and referees, and settlement conferences. Therefore, all matters shall be referred to an appropriate form of Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) before they are set for trial, unless there is good cause to dispense with the ADR requirement.

What is ADR?

ADR is the general term for a wide variety of dispute resolution processes that are alternatives to litigation. Types of ADR processes include mediation, arbitration, neutral evaluation, special masters and referees, and settlement conferences, among others forms.

What are the advantages of choosing ADR instead of litigation?

ADR can have a number of advantages over litigation:

- < **ADR can save time.** A dispute can be resolved in a matter of months, or even weeks, while litigation can take years.
- < **ADR can save money.** Attorney's fees, court costs, and expert fees can be reduced or avoided altogether.
- < **ADR provides more participation.** Parties have more opportunities with ADR to express their interests and concerns, instead of focusing exclusively on legal rights.
- < **ADR provides more control and flexibility.** Parties can choose the ADR process that is most likely to bring a satisfactory resolution to their dispute.
- < **ADR can reduce stress.** ADR encourages cooperation and communication, while discouraging the adversarial atmosphere of litigation. Surveys of parties who have participated in an ADR process have found much greater satisfaction than with parties who have gone through litigation.

What are the main forms of ADR offered by the Court?

- < **Mediation** is an informal, confidential process in which a neutral party (the mediator) assists the parties in understanding their own interests, the interests of the other parties, and the practical and legal realities they all face. The mediator then helps the parties to explore options and arrive at a mutually acceptable resolution of the dispute. The mediator does not decide the dispute. The parties do.

Mediation may be appropriate when:

- < The parties want a non-adversary procedure
- < The parties have a continuing business or personal relationship
- < Communication problems are interfering with a resolution
- < There is an emotional element involved
- < The parties are interested in an injunction, consent decree, or other form of equitable relief

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- < Arbitration is a normally informal process in which the neutral (the arbitrator) decides the dispute after hearing the evidence and arguments of the parties. The parties can agree to binding or non-binding arbitration. Binding arbitration is designed to give the parties a resolution of their dispute when they cannot agree by themselves or with a mediator. If the arbitration is non-binding, any party can reject the arbitrator's decision and request a trial.

Arbitration may be appropriate when:

- < The action is for personal injury, property damage, or breach of contract
- < Only monetary damages are sought
- < Witness testimony, under oath, is desired
- < An advisory opinion is sought from an experienced litigator (if a non-binding arbitration)

- < Neutral evaluation is an informal process in which a neutral party (the evaluator) reviews the case with counsel and gives a non-binding assessment of the strengths and weaknesses on each side and the likely outcome. The neutral can help parties to identify issues, prepare stipulations, and draft discovery plans. The parties may use the neutral's evaluation to discuss settlement.

Neutral evaluation may be appropriate when:

- < The parties are far apart in their view of the law or value of the case
- < The case involves a technical issue in which the evaluator has expertise
- < Case planning assistance would be helpful and would save legal fees and costs
- < The parties are interested in an injunction, consent decree, or other form of equitable relief

- < Special masters and referees are neutral parties who may be appointed by the court to obtain information or to make specific fact findings that may lead to a resolution of a dispute.

Special masters and referees can be particularly effective in complex cases with a number of parties, like construction disputes.

- < Settlement conferences are informal processes in which the neutral (a judge or an experienced attorney) meets with the parties or their attorneys, hears the facts of the dispute, and normally suggests a resolution that the parties may accept or use as a basis for further negotiations.

Settlement conferences can be effective when the authority or expertise of the judge or experienced attorney may help the parties reach a resolution.

What kind of disputes can be resolved by ADR?

Although some disputes must go to court, almost any dispute can be resolved through ADR. This includes disputes involving business matters; civil rights; corporations; construction; consumer protection; contracts; copyrights; defamation; disabilities; discrimination; employment; environmental problems; harassment; health care; housing; insurance; intellectual property; labor; landlord/tenant; media; medical malpractice; and other professional negligence; neighborhood problems; partnerships; patents; personal injury; probate; product liability; property damage; real estate; securities; and sports, among other matters.

Where can you get assistance with selecting an appropriate form of ADR and a neutral for your case, for information about ADR procedures, or for other questions about ADR?

Contact:

Santa Clara County Superior Court
ADR Administrator
408-882-2530

Santa Clara County DRPA Coordinator
408-792-2704